FY Results 2021 15 FEBRUARY 2022

engie

INA



Agenda

Introduction AARTI SINGHAL Group Director Investor Relations

Review of 2021 CATHERINE MACGREGOR Chief Executive Officer

PIERRE-FRANÇOIS RIOLACCI Chief Financial Officer

Medium-term Outlook CATHERINE MACGREGOR Chief Executive Officer

PIERRE-FRANÇOIS RIOLACCI Chief Financial Officer

Summary CATHERINE MACGREGOR Chief Executive Officer







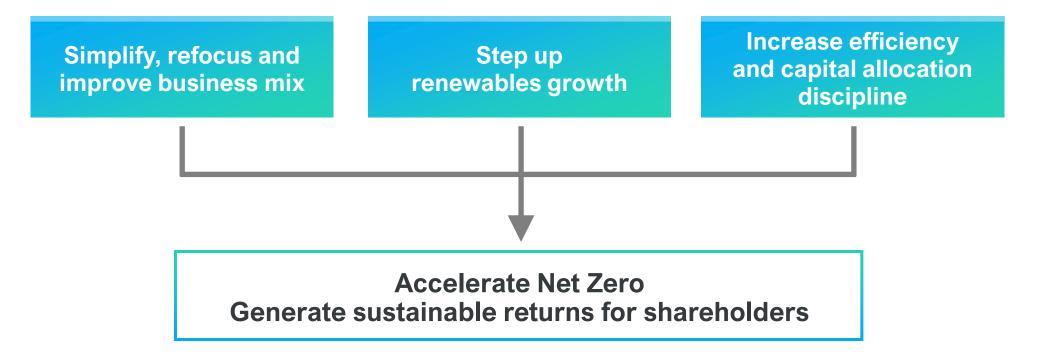
Review of 2021

CATHERINE MACGREGOR

CEO



Last year's strategic plan set the foundation for sustainable, long-term success





We put our plan into action and drove a relentless focus on execution

Simplify, refocus and improve business mix

€9.2bn of disposals signed or completed

Agreements signed or completed to exit 18 countries

Coal down to <3% of centralised power generation capacity

Step-up Renewables growth

3 GW commissioned in 2021

9 GW commissioned over 2019-2021 Increase efficiency and capital allocation discipline

Discipline in investment fully aligned to strategic goals

>90% growth Capex¹ invested organically Organisation and performance culture

25 BUs to 4 GBUs

Refreshed leadership² teams with balance of internal and external experience

73% new members² in EXCOM

39% rotation² of top ~300 global leaders

Functional excellence to support efficiency and growth

Long-term incentives aligned to shareholder interests

Net of DBSO and US tax equity proceeds
 Compared to 2020



ENGIE delivered a strong financial performance in 2021





Progress on ESG



2019 2020 2021

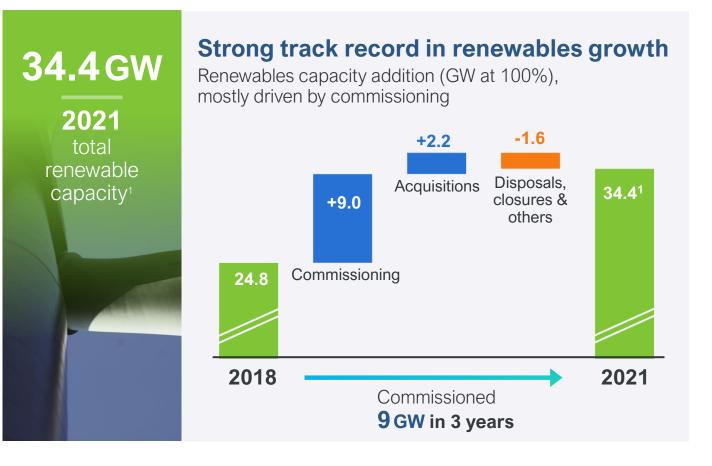
1 Greenhouse gases, Scope1 and 3 (MtCO2 eq)

2 Science Based Targets



Renewables delivered strong growth

- Achieved target with 9 GW commissioned across 2019-21
- 2.1 GW of green corporate PPAs signed in 2021 placing ENGIE among the leaders in green corporate PPAs
- Eolia a compelling acquisition
- Ocean Winds continues to grow with recent wins in the UK, the US and South Korea





Energy Solutions delivering decarbonisation solutions for customers

Distributed energy infrastructures

- **High renewal rates and new LT concessions** Paris district cooling (20 years) Punggol Digital District Singapore (30 years) Georgetown University (50 years)
- Growth in distributed energy infrastructure net increase 0.4 GW in 2021¹ to 23 GW capacity²
- **137 distributed solar projects commissioned** Mix of rooftop, carport and ground-mounted 15 years average contract duration

Energy efficiency services

- Multi-country decarbonisation deals: Forvia (ex-Faurecia) Energy Efficiency contract on 100+ sites worldwide
- French Army energy
 performance contract



Focus on performance improvement to strengthen platform for growth

Prioritizing EBIT margin and ROCE improvement

1 Net capacity addition, after disposal of 0.8 GW in Qatar

2 Installed capacity excluding countries where ENGIE has stopped developments due to the geographical refocus presented in May 2021





2021 Financial Overview

PIERRE-FRANÇOIS RIOLACCI

CFO



2021 financial performance highlights

Higher earnings – Results at top-end of the guidance at all levels

(€bn), unaudited figures ¹	2021	YoY ∆ Gross	YoY ∆ Organic
EBITDA	10.6	+19%	+22%
EBIT	6.1	+37%	+42%
NRIgs (continuing activities)	2.9	+70%	
NIgs	3.7	+5.2	
CFFO ²	6.3	-0.4	
Capex ³	8.0	+0.5	
Net Financial Debt	25.3	+2.9	
Economic Net Debt	38.3	+0.9	
Economic Net Debt / EBITDA	3.6x	-0.6x	

(€bn)	Reported / Continuing	Discontinued operations	'Total'	Indications / Guidance
EBITDA	10.6	0.6	11.2	10.8-11.2
EBIT	6.1	0.4	6.5	6.1-6.5
NRIgs	2.9	0.2	3.2	3.0-3.2
Economic Net Debt / EBITDA	3.6x		3.5x	≤ 4.0x

'Total' earnings are the basis for the FY 2021 indications / guidance that were last updated on 10 November 2021

EQUANS IFRS 5 application

- 5 Nov. 2021: exclusive negotiations with Bouygues for the sale of 100% of EQUANS
- IFRS 5 accounting: EQUANS 'held for sale' as discontinued operation as from 2021 with 2020 figures presented on a comparable basis

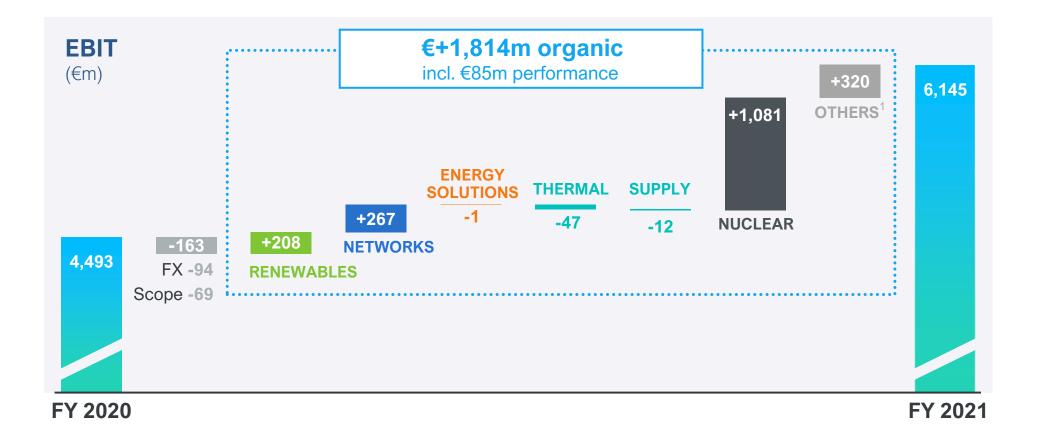
- 2. Cash flow from Operations = Free Cash Flow before Maintenance Capex and nuclear provisions funding
- 3. Net of DBSO and US tax equity proceeds

^{1.} Unaudited figures throughout the presentation



EBIT up +42% organically

Mainly driven by strong operational performance, price environment, Covid recovery and colder temperature



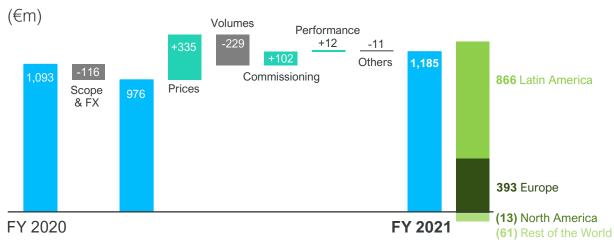


Renewables EBIT

Leveraging price tailwind and contribution of newly commissioned assets



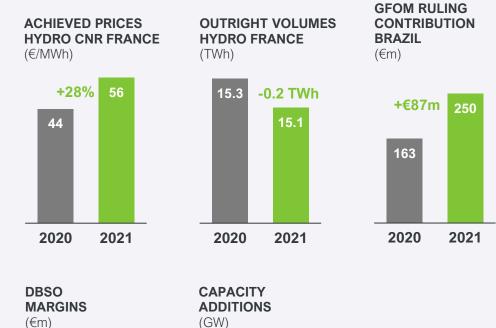
EBIT FY 2020 vs FY 2021



• Scope & FX: Negative scope (mainly partial sell-downs) and FX (mainly BRL) effects

EBIT organic drivers:

- Prices: mainly hydro in France and Brazil
- Volumes: mainly ~€-90m impact of Texas extreme weather event in Q1 2021, hydro in Brazil (drought) and France
- Commissioning: mainly USA and Brazil
- Others: mainly €+87m 2020-21 GFOM vs. €-67m DBSO margins





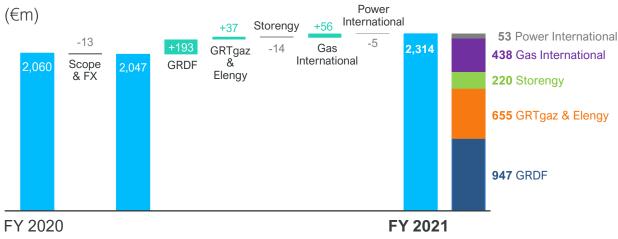


Networks EBIT

Colder temperature in Europe and higher international contribution

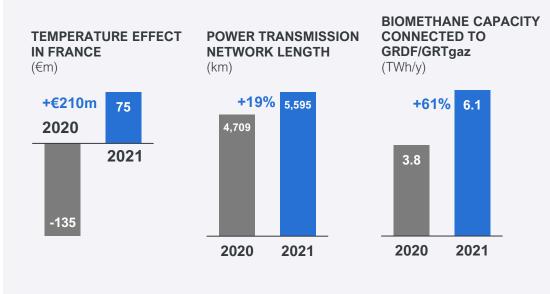


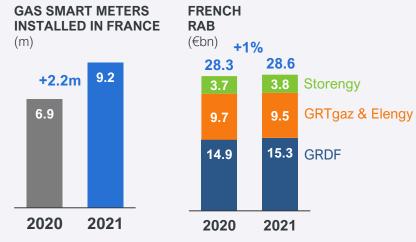
EBIT FY 2020 vs FY 2021



• Scope & FX: limited negative FX effect (mainly BRL) partly offset by TAG scope in

- EBIT organic drivers:
 - ~€+0.25bn from colder temperature in Europe (mainly GRDF in France)
 - Lower regulated revenues in French gas networks due to RAB remuneration decrease (smoothed)
 - Reversal of 2020 Covid impacts
 - Higher contribution from Latin America, esp. gas transmission in Brazil (indexation)

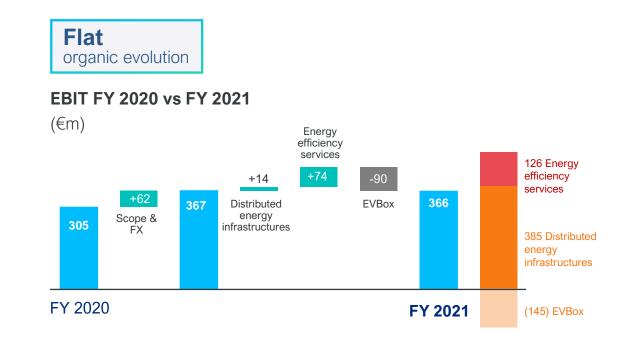




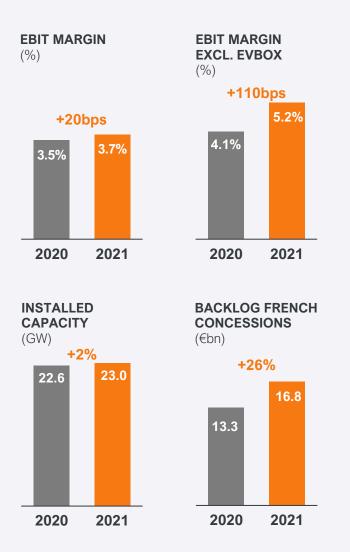


Energy Solutions EBIT

Positive business development and performance improvement offset by higher costs of EVBox



- **Scope & FX:** positive scope (mainly 29.9% SUEZ disposal, loss making in 2020), broadly neutral FX
- **Distributed energy infrastructures:** good operating performance, colder temperature for District Heating in France
- **Energy efficiency services:** progressive recovery from the significant Covid impact in 2020 allowing to deliver improved operating performance
- EVBox: higher development costs and impact of electronic component shortage





Overview of P&L from EBITDA to Net income

From EBITDA to NRIgs

(€bn)	2021	2020	Delta
EBITDA	10.6	8.9	+1.7
D&A and others	(4.4)	(4.4)	-0.0
EBIT	6.1	4.5	+1.7
Recurring financial result ¹	(1.5)	(1.4)	-0.1
Recurring income tax	(1.1)	(0.7)	-0.4
Minorities & Others	(0.6)	(0.7)	+0.1
NRIgs (continuing activities)	2.9	1.7	+1.2

From NRIgs to NIgs

(€bn)	2021
NRIgs (continuing activities)	2.9
Impairment ²	(1.0)
Restructuring costs	(0.2)
Capital gains ³	1.1
Commodities MtM	0.7
Non-recurring income tax	(0.6)
Others ⁴	0.7
NIgs	3.7

1. Mainly cost of net debt + unwinding of discount on long-term provisions

2. Mainly coming from coal assets in Brazil and renewable assets in Mexico

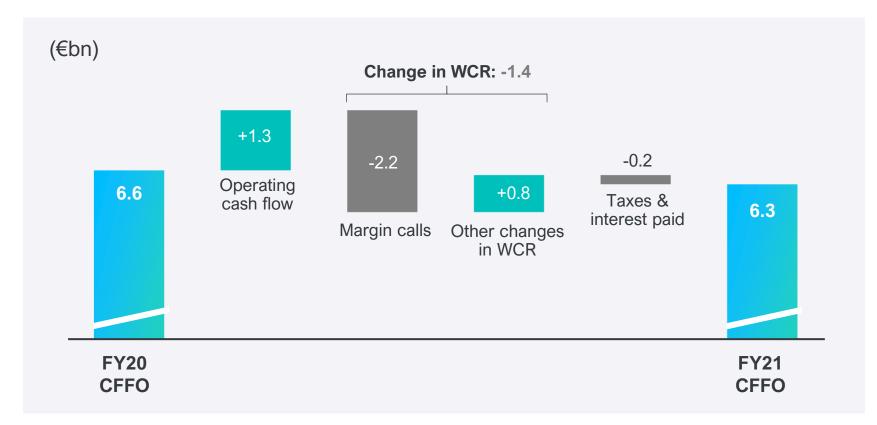
3. Mainly coming from the sale of 10% shareholding in GTT (incl. the revaluation of the 30% retained) and the earn-out on the 29.9% shareholding in Suez sold in 2020

4. Non-recurring income of minority interests, non-recurring financial result and net income of EQUANS



Cash flow from operations

Slightly down mainly due to negative change in WCR, primarily driven by margin calls, more than offsetting higher operating cash flow





2021 Capex¹

€4.3bn growth Capex¹

Growth Capex¹ focused on core activities and Net Zero, globally in line with indications

External

invested in 2021 9% 8% 44% 17% >90% >90% in energy organic transition activities 31% 91% Organic Renewables Networks

Other activities

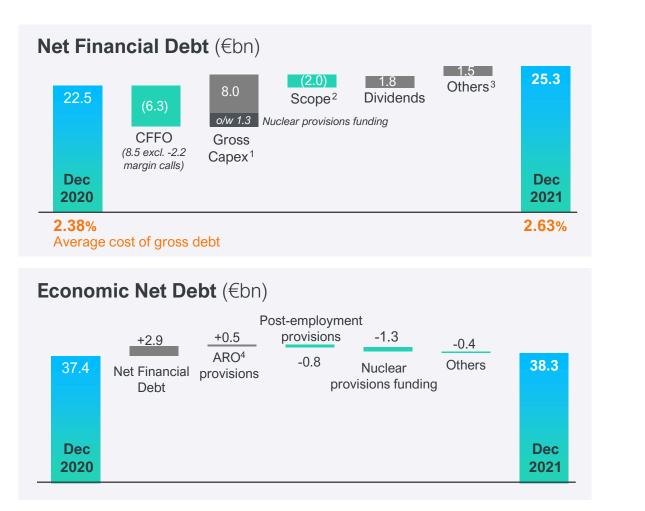
FY 2021 Gross Capex ¹ (€bn)	
Growth Capex ¹	4.3
Maintenance Capex	2.4
Nuclear provisions funding	1.3
Total	8.0

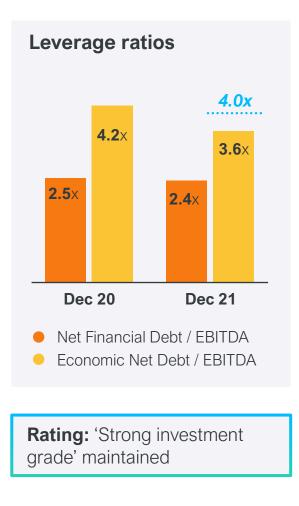
Energy Solutions



Net debt up in 2021, strong liquidity and rating maintained

Strong liquidity of €21.0bn as at 31 December 2021, incl. €14.0bn of cash





1. Net of DBSO and US tax equity proceeds for Renewables

2. Including net scope impact from disposals & acquisitions (11.5% of GRTgaz, ENGIE EPS, ...)

3. Incl. impacts from new right of use under IFRS16, hybrid repayment, FX, derivatives and MtM

4. Asset Retirement Obligations for dismantling, decommissioning, nuclear waste management, ...

20 FY 2021 Results February 2022



CRIGEN

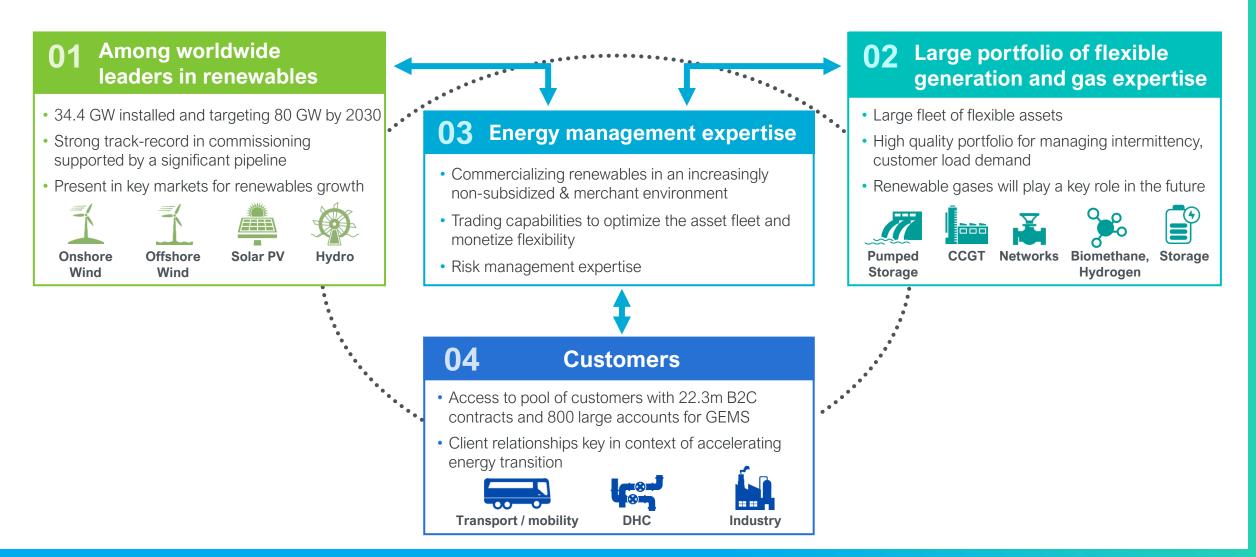
Outlook to 2024

CATHERINE MACGREGOR

CEO



Integrated model with strong local anchorage positions ENGIE uniquely to capture growth





Examples of ENGIE's asset-mix and integrated business model in action

Maximising value and driving growth

Extracting value of flexibility



Этеппет

Sale of ancillary services to TenneT, leading European power transmission system operator (TSO), based on the combination of Thermal and B2B supply

Driving renewables growth



BASF We create chemistry

25 years - 20 TWh, multicountry – multi-technology corporate PPA

Keeping the optionality of selecting which specific asset we develop at our hand

Approach to be replicated in other geographies

Enabling renewable & low-carbon gases





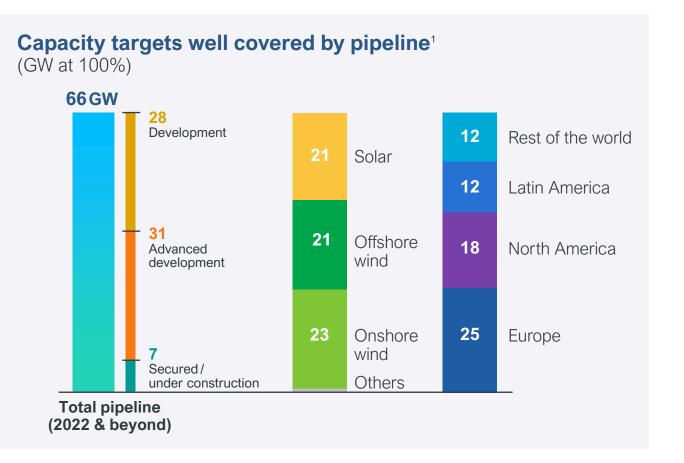
Produce low-carbon hydrogen from natural gas in Belgium, involving GEMS and Thermal





Renewables growth underpinned by strong project pipeline

Primarily organic growth with bolt-on, compelling acquisitions







Energy solutions experiencing strong market growth

Decarbonisation Megatrends

Customers & policymakers' climate commitments to carbon neutrality

Major policies support green deals/plans

Distributed energy infrastructures

- District Heating & Cooling
- Distributed generation: solar and on-site utilities
- Low-carbon mobility: EV¹, biogas, Hydrogen
- Low-carbon cities & public lighting

Energy efficiency services

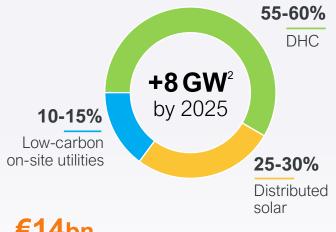
- Decarbonisation advisory
- Energy efficiency

Financial growth to 2024

- EBIT margin improvement
- Significant EBIT growth expected

Ambition 2025

Distributed energy infrastructures



€14bn

pipeline in distributed infrastructures (vs €11bn presented in May 2021)

1.5GW

already under construction

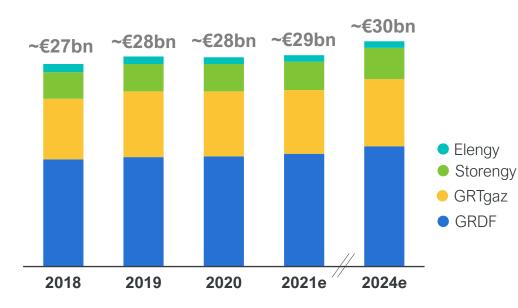


ENGIE's Networks portfolio providing stability

FRANCE

Regulated Asset Base

+1.5% CAGR expected over 2021-2024



INTERNATIONAL

2021 year-end figures

€3.8bn capital employed (quasi-RAB) vs €3.4bn in 2019

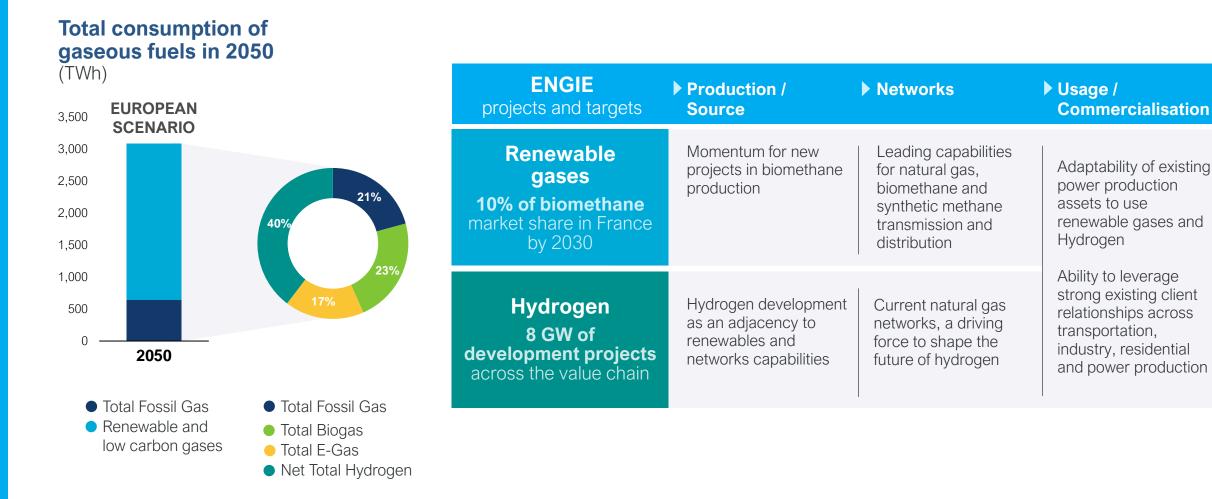
Gas + Power transmission networks in Latin America

 Power
 Gas

 ~5,600 km
 ~5,800 km



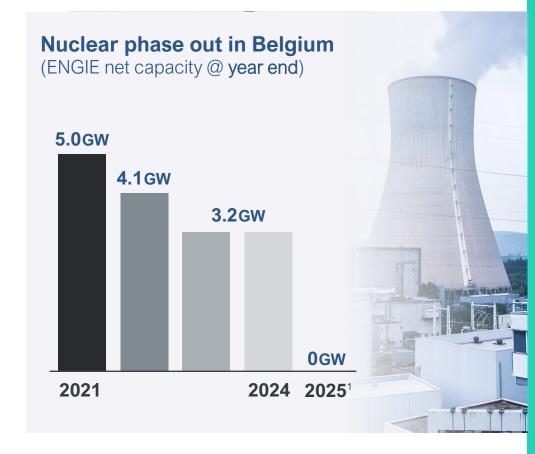
ENGIE is strongly positioned across the entire value chain to capture opportunities in renewable gases





Supporting an orderly Nuclear phase-out in Belgium

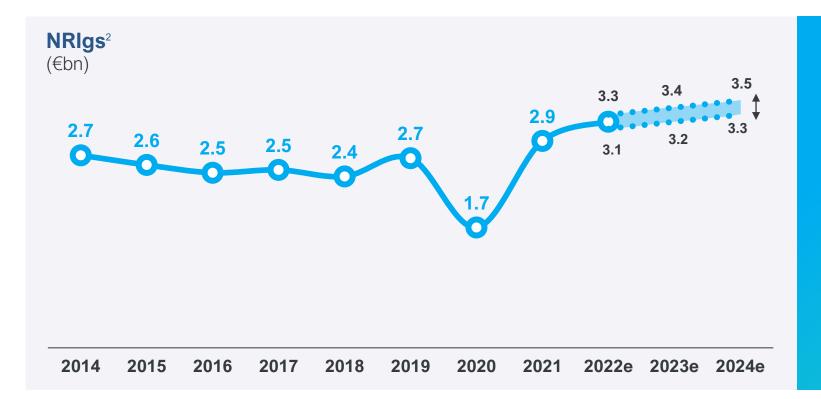
- Draft law on nuclear provisions funding expected to be voted in spring 2022:
 - Proposes accelerated funding of dismantling costs to 2030
 - Increasing by up to c. €0.7bn p.a. in 2022-2024 to reach up to c. €2bn p.a.
 - No change to economic net debt
- Nuclear provisions triennial review expected in H2 2022
 - Review of technical and economic scenarios including costs, timing and discount rates





Medium-term outlook¹

ENGIE positioning itself towards sustainable growth



Driving strong underlying growth

Through investment, particularly in Renewables, and performance improvement

More than offsetting Belgian nuclear phase-out

1 Main underlying assumptions are presented on slides 52-53

29 FY 2021 Results February 2022



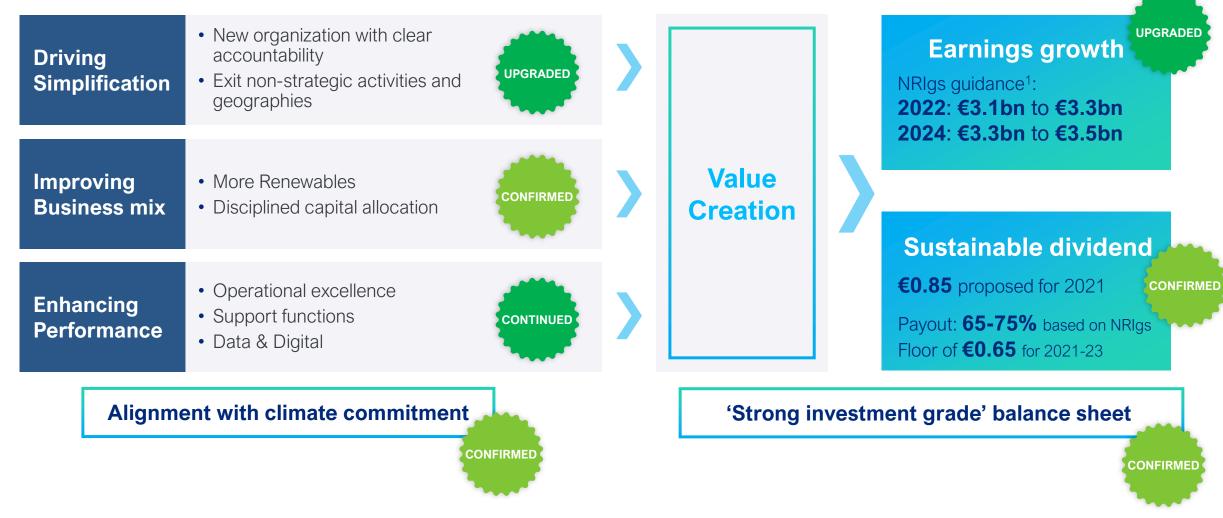
engie

Financial Outlook to 2024 PIERRE-FRANÇOIS RIOLACCI

CFO



Value creation framework



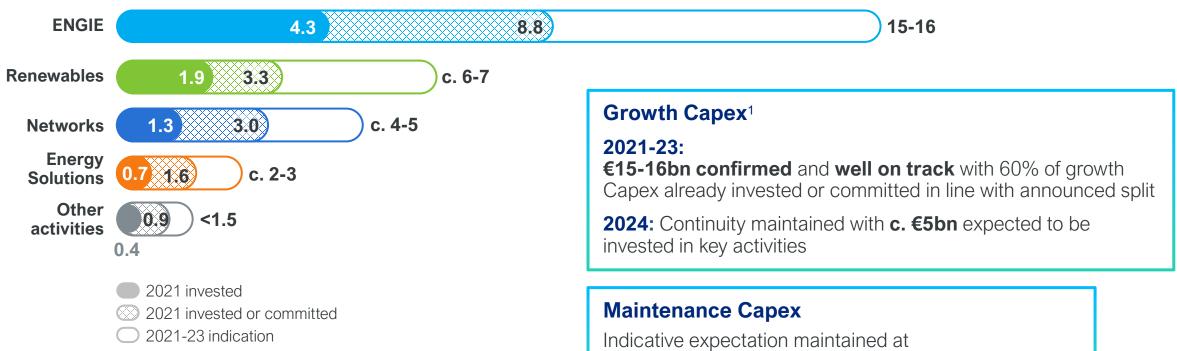


Growth¹ and **Maintenance Capex**

2021-23 outlook confirmed, continuity maintained for 2024

Growth Capex¹ 2021-23

(€bn)



c. €2.5bn p.a. on average, decreasing over time



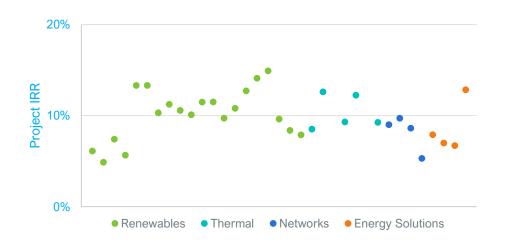
Value creation from growth Capex¹

Strict investment discipline

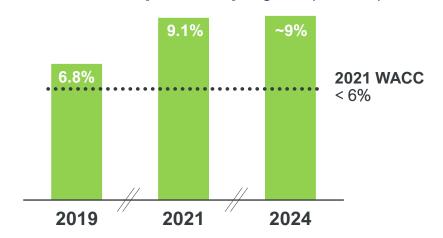
• Strategy: strict alignment with energy transition and geographical priorities

Project IRRs at Final Investment Decision (2019-21)²

- Finance: mandatory value creation, P&L contribution and cash generation thresholds
- **ESG**: CO₂ emissions, biodiversity, resilience to climate change, etc. systematically considered



Growth Capex¹ contributing increasing Return On Capital Employed (ROCE)



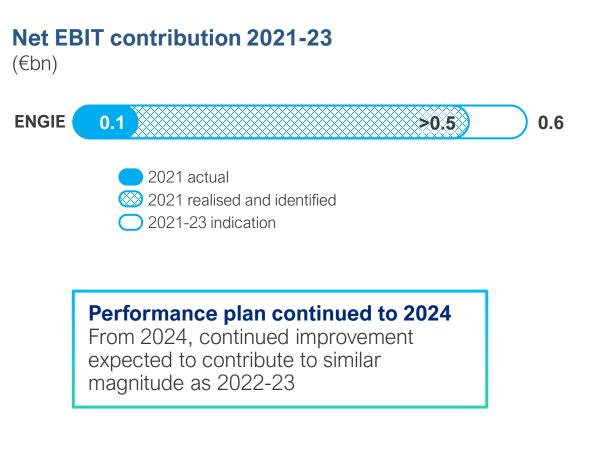
1. Net of DBSO and US tax equity proceeds for Renewables

2. Non exhaustive sample for projects >€50m growth Capex, representative considering risk profile, geography, technology, ...

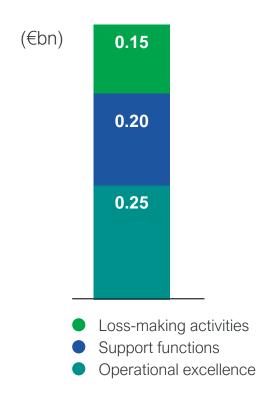


Performance Plan

Confirmed for 2021-23, continued to 2024



€0.6bn performance additional net EBIT contribution confirmed over 2021-23





9-10

9.2

Disposals

Simplification well under way, 2021-23 indication upgraded to at least €11bn

Net financial debt reduction through disposals¹ (€bn)

ENGIE 2.0

2021 closed transactions
 2021 closed and signed transactions
 2021-23 indication (May 2021)

EQUANS:

Closing expected in H2 2022 Net financial debt reduction expected at c. €6.8bn

Disposals

2021-23:

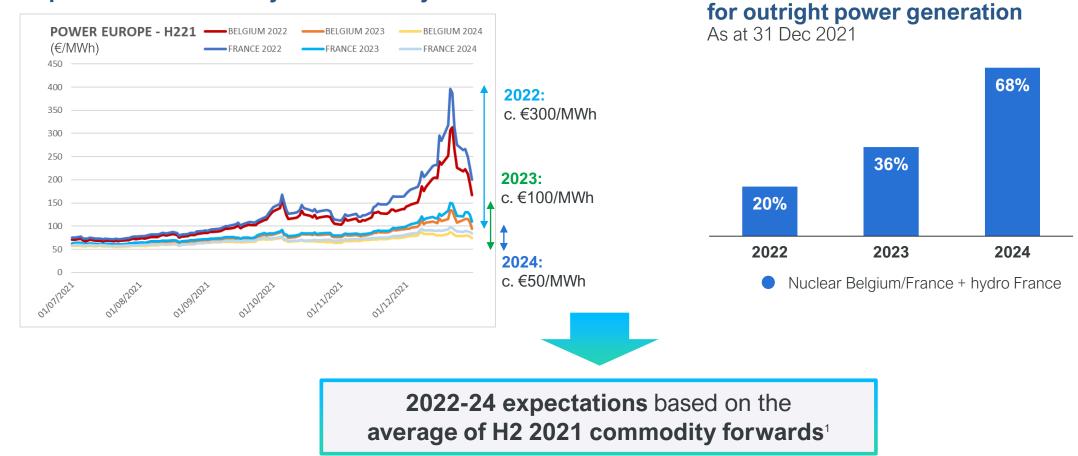
- Well under way with €9.2bn already signed or closed
- Reflecting high valuation achieved so far, indication upgraded to at least €11bn, above the initial €9-10bn indication

2024: sound portfolio management / 'housekeeping' at a **significantly lower level than 2021-23**



Remaining open positions

Residual exposure to highly volatile market



Unprecedented volatility in commodity markets



Focus on 2022

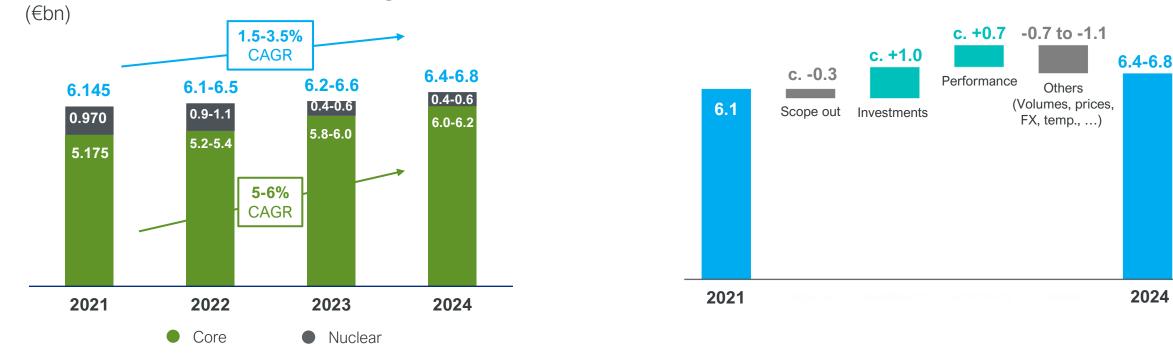
2021	Activity	Expectations for main EBIT evolution drivers vs. 2021	2022 ¹
EBITDA €10.6bn	Renewables	Growth driven by newly commissioned capacity, higher prices and reversal of 2021 Texas cold snap, partly offset by no more benefit from GFOM rulings in Brazil	EBITDA indication €10.7-11.1 bn
EBIT	Networks	Reversal of 2021 cold temperatures and lower (smoothed) RAB remuneration in France, partly offset by growth in Latin America	EBIT indication
€6.1 bn	Energy Solutions	Better operational performance, partly offset by reversal of 2021 cold temperatures	€ 6.1-6.5 bn
NRIgs € 2.9 bn	Thermal	Continuing favorable market conditions in Europe and higher contribution expected in Chile, offset mainly by coal exit	NRIgs guidance €3.1-3.3bn
	Supply	Under pressure due to reversal of 2021 cold temperatures and high commodity price context	
	Nuclear	Higher achieved prices, offset by lower volumes (mainly first reactor final shut down in Belgium in October 2022) and higher Belgian nuclear tax	



2021-24 EBIT evolution¹

Growth throughout the period to 2024, mainly fueled by investments and performance more than offsetting progressive nuclear phase-out

2021-24 EBIT evolution, continuing



2024

2023: EBIT above previous €5.7-6.1bn indication mainly due to commodity price assumption update

1. Main underlying assumptions are presented on slides 52-53



Medium-Term Financial Outlook¹ 2022 to 2024

2022	2023	2024	Growth Capex ²
EBITDA indication	EBITDA indication	EBITDA indication	2021-23: €15-16bn, unchanged 2024: c. €5bn
€ 10.7-11.1 bn	€ 10.9-11.3 bn	€ 11.3-11.7 bn	
			Disposals
EBIT indication	EBIT indication	EBIT indication	2021-23: >€11bn, upgraded
€ 6.1-6.5 bn	€ 6.2-6.6 bn	€ 6.4-6.8 bn	2024: significantly lower level than 2021-23
NRIgs guidance	NRIgs guidance	NRIgs guidance	Performance
€3.1-3.3 bn	€ 3.2-3.4 bn	€ 3.3-3.5 bn	2021-23: €0.6bn , unchanged
			2024: in line with 2022-23
Shareholder return	Rating		
Dividend policy reaffirmed	'Strong investment gr	ade'	
Payout: 65-75% based on NRIgs			
Floor of €0.65 for 2021-23			

Main underlying assumptions are presented on slides 52-53
 Net of DBSO and US tax equity proceeds for Renewables

3. For reference, assuming prices as at 31 December 2021 would arithmetically translate to significantly higher NRIgs for the 2022 to 2024 period as follows: by \notin +0.6 billion for 2022, by \notin +0.4 billion for 2023 and by \notin +0.2 billion for 2024



Summary CATHERINE MACGREGOR



Summary

2021 financial performance at the top end of the guidance

Significant progress on strategic plan in 2021 Accelerating investment, notably in Renewables, with a returns focus ENGIE's integrated model positions us strongly to execute and create value



ADDITIONAL MATERIAL





FY 2021 EBIT yoy change by activity: key drivers

Y/Y change (€m)	Gross	FX / Scope	Organic	Key drivers	for organic change
Renewables	+92	BRL depreciationPartial sell-downsHydro acquisition in Portugal	+208	 Higher prices for hydro in France and Brazil Commissioning of new capacity GFOM rulings in Brazil 	 Texas extreme weather event in Q1 2021 Lower hydro volumes in Brazil and France Lower DBSO margins
Networks	+254	BRL depreciation10% TAG acquisition	+267	 Colder temperature in Europe (mainly for GRDF) Covid recovery Higher contribution from Latin America, esp. gas transmission in Brazil (indexation) 	Lower regulated revenues in France due to RAB remuneration decrease (smoothed)
Energy Solutions	+61	29.9% Suez disposal	-1	Covid recoveryColder temperature in France for DHC	▶ EVBox
Thermal	-76	USD depreciation Jorge Lacerda disposal	-47	Higher spreads in EuropeHigher ancillaries in Europe	> Drop in energy margins in Chile
& Supply	-10	-	-12	 Colder temperature in France Covid recovery Higher margins and better hedging in Australia 	 Lower power margins in Belgium Reversal of 2020 positive one-offs Lower gas margins in Romania
Nuclear	+1,081	-	+1,081	 7 Better achieved prices 7 Lower D&A 7 Higher availability (92%) / volumes 	J Higher Belgian nuclear taxes
Others ¹	+250	GTT deconsolidation	+320	 Commercial and trading performance Covid recovery Lower corporate costs Colder temperature in France 	☑ GTT lower contribution
ENGIE	+1,651	-163	+1,814		

1. Including mainly Corporate, GEMS (GEM + main Supply B2B activities) and GTT



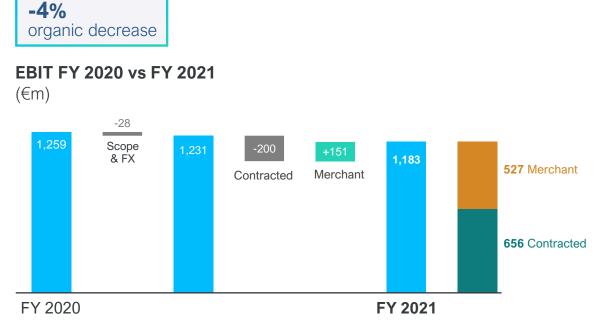
FY 2021 and FY 2020 EBIT breakdown

FY 2021				USA &	Middle East,		
(€m)	France	Rest of Europe	Latin America	Canada	Asia & Africa	Others	TOTAL
Renewables	273	120	866	(13)	7	(68)	1,185
Networks	1,825	74	403		18	(7)	2,314
Energy Solutions	309	124	(5)	63	27	(152)	366
Thermal		564	189	41	421	(33)	1,183
Supply	202	(29)	(0)		25	(23)	174
Nuclear		970					970
Others ¹		(0)	0	(1)	(2)	(43)	(46)
TOTAL	2,609	1,823	1,453	91	495	(325)	6,145
FY 2020 (€m)	France	Rest of Europe	Latin America	USA & Canada	Middle East, Asia & Africa	Others	TOTAL
Renewables	152	89	775	54	62	(40)	1,093
Networks	1,608	66	386	2	4	(6)	2,060
Energy Solutions	256	106	1	17	35	(109)	305
Thermal		437	367	37	443	(25)	1,259
Supply	111	118	2		6	(52)	184
Nuclear		(111)					(111)
		(111)					()
Others ¹		(111)	(1)	0	(8)	(308)	(297)



Thermal EBIT

Headwinds in Chile, higher spreads and ancillaries captured in Europe through flexible generation



- Scope & FX: negative FX (mainly USD) and scope (mainly coal Brazil) effects
- EBIT down -4% yoy organically
 - Contracted: reduced PPA margins due to higher sourcing spot prices in Chile caused by overall poor hydrology and lower production
 - Merchant: higher spreads and ancillaries for European gas plants and pumped storage



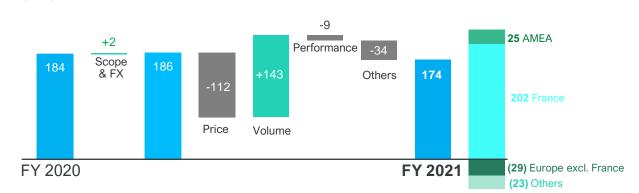


Supply EBIT

Lower margins and reversal of 2020 positive one-offs partly offset by higher volumes

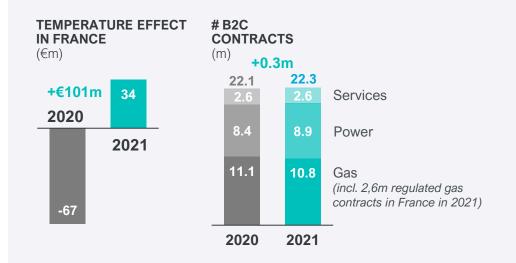


EBIT FY 2020 vs FY 2021 (€m)



- Scope & FX: both broadly neutral
- **Prices:** lower power margins in Belgium and gas margins in Romania vs. higher margins and better hedging in Australia
- Volumes: colder temperature in Europe and Covid recovery
- **Performance:** mainly recovery of loss-making activities more than offset by growth in services driven by activity recovery
- **Others:** reversal of 2020 positive one-offs

Internal reclassification: Bulk of B2B moved from 'Supply' to 'Others'



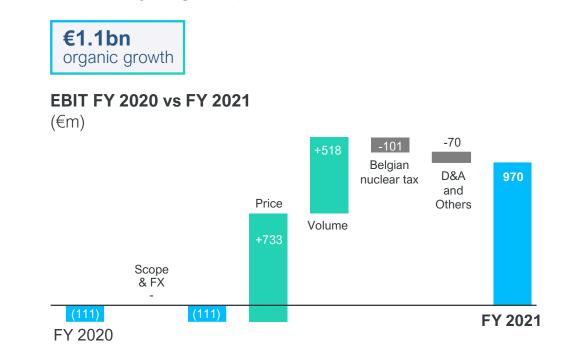


B2C SUPPLY VOLUMES



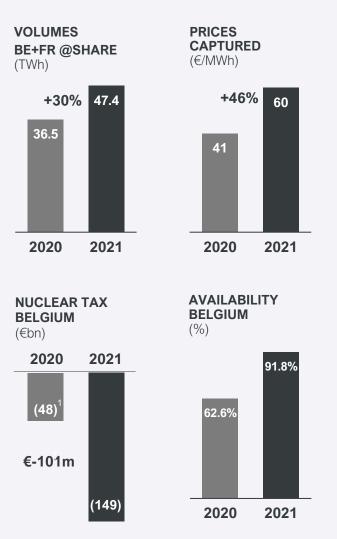
Nuclear EBIT

After 3 years of negative EBIT, exceptional performance driven by higher prices and volumes



- Price: higher power prices captured
- Volume: higher availability in Belgium
- Belgian nuclear tax: higher due to floor exceeded for second-generation units
- D&A and Others: mainly lower depreciation following the 2020 impairment

1. Positive outcome of G2 taxes negotiations closed in April 2020: 2020 figure includes a €40m amount as regularization of 2019 nuclear tax

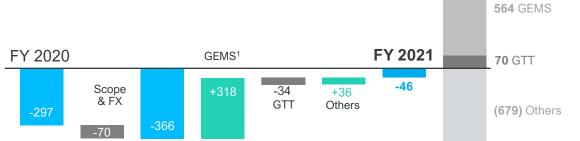




Others EBIT

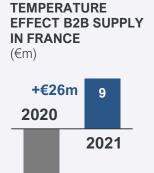
Strong commercial and trading performance, lower corporate costs





- Scope & FX: mainly 10% partial disposal of GTT in May 2021 triggering a change of consolidation method as from June 2021 (from full consolidation to equity method)
- GEMS¹:
 - strong commercial and trading performance in a context of exceptional market conditions
 - Covid recovery
 - colder temperature
- GTT: contribution's normalization after strong 2020
- Others: mainly lower Corporate costs
- 1. GEMS = GEM + main Supply B2B activities

Internal reclassification: Bulk of Supply B2B moved from 'Supply' to 'Others'



(17)



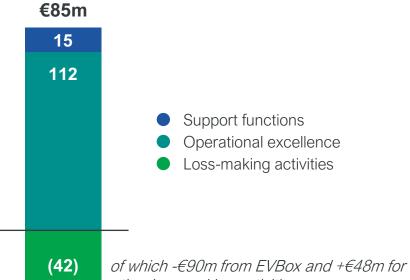
2020-21 EBIT bridge by effect





Performance plan 2021

(€m)



other loss-making activities

2021 Actuals globally in line with target

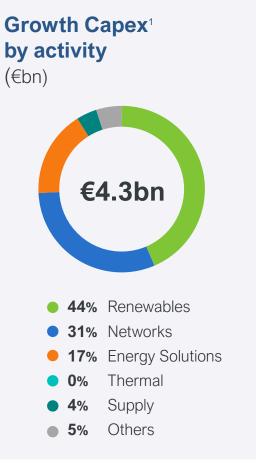
- Good performance from operational excellence
- Ramp-up in G&A savings expected in 2022
- Loss-making activities impacted by EVBox



Detail of FY 2021 total Capex¹

€8.0bn Capex, o/w €4.3bn growth Capex¹ focused on strategic priorities





Main growth Capex¹ (€bn)

Renewables, o/w	1.9
North America Wind & Solar	0.8
France Wind, Solar & Hydro	0.3
Latin America Wind & Solar (Chile, Peru & Mexico)	0.3
Brazil Wind & Hydro	0.2
Networks, o/w	1.3
GRDF (mainly smart meters + networks dev.)	0.6
Brazil power lines Novo Estado / Gralha Azul	0.4
GRTgaz	0.1
Energy Solutions, o/w	0.7
North America Infrastructure (Georgetown University)	0.2
North America Distributed PV Solar	0.2



Summary recurring income statements 2020-21

(€m)	FY 2020	FY 2021
EBITDA	8,908	10,563
o/w recurring share in net income of equity method entities	690	751
Depreciation, amortization and others	(4,415)	(4,418)
EBIT	4,493	6,145
Recurring financial result	(1,377)	(1,494)
o/w recurring cost of net debt	(788)	(851)
o/w cost of lease liabilities	(40)	(35)
o/w others	(550)	(608)
Income tax	(741)	(1,142)
Net recurring income from non-controlling interests relating to continuing operations	(650)	(581)
Net recurring income relating to continuing operations, Group share	1,725	2,927
Net recurring income relating to discontinued operations, Group share	(22)	231
NET RECURRING INCOME GROUP SHARE	1,703	3,158



2022-24 key assumptions (1/2)

Outright Power Production	Nuclear	FX assumptions	Weather conditions	Below EBIT indications
(% and €/WWh) 80% 64% 32% 60 55 57 57 2022 2023 2024 Outright hedges: volumes & prices, as of 31 December 2021	 Belgium nuclear availability: c. 90%/88%/95%¹ for 2022/23/24 Contingencies on Belgian operations: – €0.33bn for 2022 – €0.15bn for 2023 – €0.13bn for 2024 Nuclear phase-out: Doel 3 in Oct. 2022, Tihange 2 in Feb. 2023, both 0.9 GW @ share 	 6.38 €/BRL over 2022-24 1.14 - 1.16 - 1.18 €/USD for 2022-23-24 	 Average temperature in France Average hydro, wind and solar productions 	 Recurring net financial costs: €(1.4-1.6)bn over 2022-2024 Recurring effective tax rate: 21-23% for 2022 20-22% for 2023 22-24% for 2024

- Full pass through of supply costs in French B2C Supply tariffs
- No major regulatory or macro-economic changes

- No change in accounting policies
- No stringent lockdowns due to Covid
- Guidance and indications based on continuing operations

1. Based on reactors availabilities as published on REMIT as of 01/01/2022, excluding definitive shutdowns (translating into 88%/60%/53% assuming a 0% availability for the reactors to be definitively shut down as per the Belgian law)



2022-24 key assumptions (2/2)

Commodity forward prices¹ (average H2 2021) Basis for the indications and guidance

(€/MWh)	2022	2023	2024
Power Base BE	118	79	67
Power Base FR	132	84	71
CSS Peak / Base NL	20 / (1)	10 / (4)	9 / (3)
CSS Peak / Base BE	18 / (4)	12 / (5)	12 / (3)
CSS Peak / Base IT	22 / 10	15/6	15 / 5
CSS Peak / Base FR	50 / 10	24 / (1)	21/0
Gas TTF	48	29	22
CO ₂	63	64	65

Commodity forward prices¹ (as at 31 December 2021)

(€/MWh)	2022	2023	2024
Power Base BE	166	94	74
Power Base FR	201	110	84
CSS Peak / Base NL	52/8	2/(17)	7/(11)
CSS Peak / Base BE	51/3	4 / (21)	7 / (12)
CSS Peak / Base IT	52 / 12	12 / 1	19/0
CSS Peak / Base FR	126 / 38	75 / (5)	49 / (3)
Gas TTF	66	41	27
CO ₂	80	81	82



P&L Group indications for 2022-24

Earnings (€bn)	2022	2023	2024
EBITDA	10.7-11.1	10.9-11.3	11.3-11.7
EBIT	6.1-6.5	6.2-6.6	6.4-6.8
Rec. financial result	(1.4-1.6)	(1.4-1.6)	(1.4-1.6)
Rec. income tax	21-23%	20-22%	22-24%
NRIgs	3.1-3.3	3.2-3.4	3.3-3.5



2021-24 EBIT main drivers

Main drivers by activity

Performance contributing positively across each activity

- **Renewables**: investments contribution, higher prices, positive one-offs 2021
- **Networks:** lower RAB remuneration in France, temperature normalization, investments contribution
- Energy Solutions: investments contribution, EVBox contribution improvement
- **Thermal:** dilution, higher spreads, lower ancillaries and higher fleet availability
- **Supply:** temperature normalization, margin increase, growth in B2C services and power customer portfolio
- Nuclear: higher prices, lower volumes (Belgian phase-out)

	2021 EBIT actual (€m)	2021-24 EBIT evolution ¹
Renewables	1,185	++++
Networks	2,314	-
Energy Solutions	0,366	++
Thermal	1,183	-
Supply	0,174	+
Nuclear	0,970	



Eolia – a compelling, bolt-on acquisition

Transaction with pipeline to create an integrated industrial platform in Iberia

Strategic fit

- Strengthening ENGIE's portfolio in Iberia
- Pipeline through
 - New development
 - Hybridization
 - Repowering

Industrial value add

- ENGIE to lead on delivery of pipeline
- Provide multiple services
 - 0&M
 - Asset Management
 - Energy Management
 - Development services

Financial rationale

- Existing assets 90% contracted
- Total EV¹ €2.0bn
- €0.4bn net financial debt impact for ENGIE
- Attractive IRR and P/E
 multiple

Eolia expected capacity (GW)





Nuclear phase out in Belgium

Indicative theorical total (Belgium + France) nuclear production

47.4 TWh	c.44 TWh ¹	c.33 TWh ¹	c.32 TWh ¹	c.23 TWh ¹	c.9 TWh ¹
2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026

		Installed capacity	ENGIE capacity	End of operations /
Nuclear reactors	Operator	@100% (MW)	(MW)	contracts
Doel 3	ENGIE	1,006	903	10/01/2022
Tihange 2	ENGIE	1,008	905	02/01/2023
Doel 1	ENGIE	445	445	02/15/2025
Doel 4	ENGIE	1,038	932	07/01/2025
Tihange 3	ENGIE	1,038	932	09/01/2025
Tihange 1	ENGIE	962	481	10/01/2025
Doel 2	ENGIE	445	445	12/01/2025
Chooz B (swap)	EDF	-	(100)	2025
Chooz B (drawing rights) ²	EDF	-	750	2037
Tricastin (drawing rights) ³	EDF	-	468	2031
TOTAL			6,161	

1. Belgium + France. Indicative volumes @ ENGIE share assuming a theorical 85% availability

2. Chooz: 750 MW * average availability of total EDF nuclear fleet in France (excl. Tricastin)

3. Tricastin: 468 MW * local availability of Tricastin units



Margin calls

OBJECTIVE SUBSTITUTION OF COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISK BY CASH RISK IN MARKET RISK HEDGING ACTIONS

Different kinds

- Organized markets: Initial Margin deposit (based on volatility and price levels) and Variation Margins (based on daily price variations)
- OTC transactions: **Variation Margins** (based on the Credit Support Annex)

Levers to manage the related cash risk with our core banks

- Liquidity swaps to smooth volatility on Variation Margins
- Substitution program with StandBy Letters of Credit (SBLC) to limit exposure on Initial Margins and on OTC margin calls

Management

- Operations: mainly concentrated in **GEMS**
- Risk control (at GEMS and Group level): regular **risk committees** with specific risk indicators, **monthly liquidity committee**, quarterly **stress tests** on margin calls

Financial impacts

- No material economic effect overall, excepted in case of default
- **Timing effects on CFFO**, through operating cash flow and delta WCR

FY 2021 (€bn)	ENGIE
Gross Variation Margins	7.1
Liquidity swaps	(5.0)
Net Variation Margins	2.1
Gross Initial Margins	(5.5)
SBLC	1.1
Net Initial Margins	(4.4)
TOTAL NET CASH IMPACT OF MARGINING	(2.2)

Despite €(2.2)bn net cash-out impact of margining in a challenging 2021 market environment, good margin calls management thanks to:

- Balance sheet strength (no drawing on our bank credit lines)
- Adapted risk control and liquidity framework
- Excellent trading capabilities



Outright power production in Europe

Nuclear and Hydro





Disclaimer

Forward-Looking statements

The figures presented here are those customarily used and communicated to the markets by ENGIE. This message includes forward-looking information and statements. Such statements include financial projections and estimates, the assumptions on which they are based, as well as statements about projects, objectives and expectations regarding future operations, profits, or services, or future performance. Although ENGIE management believes that these forward-looking statements are reasonable, investors and ENGIE shareholders should be aware that such forward-looking information and statements are subject to many risks and uncertainties that are generally difficult to predict and beyond the control of ENGIE, and may cause results and developments to differ significantly from those expressed, implied, or predicted in the forward-looking statements or information. Such risks include those explained or identified in the public documents filed by ENGIE with the French Financial Markets Authority (AMF), including those listed in the "Risk Factors" section of the ENGIE (ex GDF SUEZ) Universal Registration Document filed with the AMF on March 17, 2021 (under number D.21-142). Investors and ENGIE shareholders should note that if some or all of these risks are realized they may have a significant unfavourable impact on ENGIE.



For more information about ENGIE

